

ShardaCare Healthcity launches dedicated Stroke Clinic in Noida

31 October 2025 | News

The clinic will be supported by Comprehensive Stroke Rehabilitation Programme



ShardaCare Healthcity, a leading multispecialty hospital in North India, has launched a dedicated Stroke Clinic and Comprehensive Stroke Rehabilitation Programme to enhance recovery and improve long-term outcomes for stroke survivors.

The initiative aims to provide integrated, multidisciplinary care for patients involving neurologists, psychologists, physiotherapists, and rehabilitation specialists to ensure holistic treatment and faster recovery.

The programme is being spearheaded by Dr Atampreet Singh, Senior Director & Head, Neurology, ShardaCare Healthcity. The hospital also organised an awareness seminar where more than 25+ doctors across the city were invited to strengthen understanding around stroke — its diagnosis, prevention, management, and post-treatment care.

India records a brain stroke every 20 seconds — amounting to over 18 lakh new cases each year — making it one of the leading causes of death and long-term disability in the country. Yet, public awareness about prevention and timely treatment remains low. Alongside, despite advancements in stroke rehabilitation, there exists a notable gap in patient awareness, with many individuals and their caregivers lacking sufficient knowledge about post-stroke rehabilitation options and the importance of their involvement in the recovery journey.

Considering this, the Stroke Rehabilitation Programme will run alongside the dedicated Stroke Clinic, which will operate from Monday to Friday, 2 PM to 5 PM, available 24x7 to ensure focused and coordinated care.

Highlighting the growing burden of stroke, Dr Atampreet Singh, Senior Director & Head – Neurology, ShardaCare Healthcity, said, “Over the past 15–20 years, we have seen a sharp rise in strokes among younger individuals due to sedentary lifestyles, obesity, poor eating habits, smoking, and alcohol use. Better diagnostics and greater awareness have also led to earlier detection. In India, ischemic stroke is the most common type, yet only about 1% of eligible patients receive IV thrombolysis — a clot-busting injection effective within the 4.5-hour window. Recognising symptoms is crucial for timely intervention, especially in cases of intracerebral haemorrhage — the deadliest form of stroke caused by brain bleeding. Hypertension remains a key risk factor, particularly for haemorrhagic strokes.”

Speaking about progress in stroke care, Dr Singh added, “Fortunately, technological advancements are transforming stroke diagnosis and care. New MRI and AI-based techniques have reduced scan time from 7–10 minutes to just 3–4 minutes, allowing clearer and faster assessment of brain damage. Mechanical thrombectomy — a procedure in which the clot is removed through the artery using a clot-retrieval device — has revolutionised outcomes in strokes involving major brain arteries. These innovations, coupled with timely diagnosis, are helping patients achieve better recovery and quality of life.”